

Campus Security Authority (CSA) Crime Report Form (2 pages)

CSA (print name) _____ Date of report _____

Crime reported by: _____ Phone number (of reporter): _____

Classification (see definitions below): _____ Date incident occurred: _____

Location of incident (building name or address): _____

Brief description of the incident: _____

Check the appropriate answer to the following questions:

Did the crime occur in a building or on the street? Building: _____ Street: _____

Did the crime occur:

- On campus? Yes: _____ No: _____
- On campus, in a residence hall? Yes: _____ No: _____
- On non-campus property owned, controlled, or leased by the college?
Yes: _____ No: _____
- On public property: Yes: _____ No: _____

Public property includes all public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the Goucher campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

Crime definitions from the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook

Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter: the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. NOTE: Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are excluded.

Negligent Manslaughter: the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Robbery: the taking or attempting to take anything from value of the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are later abandoned - including joy riding)

Arson: The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another kind.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadones); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzadrine).

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinance prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Please forward this completed form to the Office of Public Safety.

Campus Security Authority Hate Crime Report Form

We are also required to report statistics for bias-related (hate) crimes by the type of bias as defined below. A **hate crime** is a criminal offense committed against a person or property which is motivated, in whole or in part, by the offender's bias. **Bias** is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, gender, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin or gender identity.

- Please complete page 1 and the bottom portion of this page if any of the crimes reported in the following classifications on page 1 also constituted a hate crime:

murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson

- Please complete the Sex Offenses Report Form and the bottom portion of this page if any of the offenses on the Sex Offenses Report Form also constituted a hate crime.

In addition, if a hate crime occurs related to an incident involving intimidation, larceny, simple assault, or vandalism, or any other crime involving bodily injury the law requires that the statistic be reported as a hate crime even though there is no requirement to report the crime classification itself in any other area of this document. Please complete the bottom portion of this page if any hate crime was reported related to the following classifications:

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Larceny: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.

Vandalism: To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

Type of Crime (List classification as defined above or sex offense): _____

Type of Bias (circle one):

Race	Religion	Ethnicity	National Origin
Gender	Sexual Orientation	Disability	Gender Identity