## GOUCHER COLLEGE POLL

 In partnership with
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Poll results: U.S. Senate contest would be closely contested between Hogan and Trone or Alsobrooks; Trone leads Democratic primary contest; crime and public safety, economic development and jobs, and taxes and government spending are major issues among all Maryland voters; Democrats winning control of the U.S. Senate is a major issue for Democratic voters; Moore remains on solid footing with voters; voters divided over the direction of the state and current economic conditions

BALTIMORE (April 2, 2024)—The Goucher College Poll was conducted from March 19 to 24, 2024. It surveyed 800 Maryland registered voters (MOE=+/-3.5\%). Voters were asked their opinions on several issues about the upcoming race for the U.S. Senate, on Gov. Wes Moore, and on the direction of and economic conditions in Maryland. An oversample of 408 Democratic likely voters (MOE=+/-4.9\%) were asked about the Democratic primary race for U.S. Senate.

The poll was funded and co-sponsored by the Sarah T. Hughes Center for Politics at Goucher College and The Baltimore Banner. See the results by demographics. Please note that the results by party found below include the results for all Democrats and not those identified as Democratic likely voters.

## U.S. Senate Race

Maryland voters were asked whether they had a favorable or unfavorable view of three candidates running to replace retiring Sen. Ben Cardin in the U.S. Senate.

- 63 percent have a favorable opinion of former Gov. Larry Hogan, 30 percent have an unfavorable opinion, and 5
percent don't know.
Among Democrats: 57 percent favorable, 33 percent unfavorable
Among Republicans: 66 percent favorable, 28 percent unfavorable
Among Independents: 77 percent favorable, 21 percent unfavorable
- 43 percent have a favorable opinion of Rep. David Trone, 24 percent have an unfavorable opinion, and 29 percent don't know.
Among Democrats: 52 percent favorable, 20 percent unfavorable, and 25 percent don't know Among Republicans: 31 percent favorable, 35 percent unfavorable, and 30 percent don't know Among Independents: 35 percent favorable, 26 percent unfavorable, and 38 percent don't know
- 38 percent have a favorable opinion of Prince George's County Executive Angela Alsobrooks, 20 percent have an unfavorable opinion, and 40 percent don't know.
Among Democrats: 47 percent favorable, 13 percent unfavorable, and 37 percent don't know Among Republicans: 23 percent favorable, 32 percent unfavorable, and 46 percent don't know Among Independents: 28 percent favorable, 22 percent unfavorable, and 46 percent don't know

Voters were then asked who they would vote for in a general election contest between the Democratic candidates (Alsobrooks and Trone) and the Republican candidate (Hogan):

- 44 percent would vote for Hogan, and 40 percent would vote for Alsobrooks; 11 percent are undecided. Among Democrats: 25 percent for Hogan and 60 percent for Alsobrooks Among Republicans: 76 percent for Hogan and 8 percent for Alsobrooks Among Independents: 63 percent for Hogan and 19 percent for Alsobrooks
- 43 percent would vote for Hogan, and 42 percent would vote for Trone; 10 percent are undecided. Among Democrats: 24 percent for Hogan and 62 percent for Trone Among Republicans: 73 percent for Hogan and 8 percent for Trone Among Independents: 59 percent for Hogan and 27 percent for Trone
"Should former Gov. Larry Hogan win the Republican primary, our results indicate that the race to replace retiring U.S. Sen. Ben Cardin would be closely contested against either Democratic candidates-U.S. Rep. David Trone or Prince George's County Executive Angela Alsobrooks," said Dr. Mileah Kromer, director of the Sarah T. Hughes Center for Politics at Goucher College. "Abortion, gun control, and health care, as well as Democratic control of the U.S. Senate, all matter for Democrats, but public safety, economic development, and tax issues rise to the top as the key issues for voters overall."

Voters were also asked about whether a candidate's position on a series of broad issues would be a major, a minor, or not a factor at all in determining their vote. The percentages below represent a "major" factor. Please refer to the topline tables below for full results.

- Crime and public safety: 78 percent Among Democrats: 73 percent Among Republicans: 90 percent Among Independents: 76 percent
- Economic development and jobs: 76 percent

Among Democrats: 77 percent
Among Republicans: 74 percent
Among Independents: 75 percent

- Taxes and government spending: 75 percent

Among Democrats: 66 percent Among Republicans: 90 percent Among Independents: 83 percent

- Health care: 72 percent Among Democrats: 80 percent Among Republicans: 51 percent Among Independents: 74 percent
- Gun control: 68 percent

Among Democrats: 74 percent
Among Republicans: 57 percent
Among Independents: 64 percent

- Abortion: 60 percent

Among Democrats: 70 percent
Among Republicans: 47 percent
Among Independents: 47 percent

- Immigration: 58 percent

Among Democrats: 45 percent Among Republicans: 79 percent Among Independents: 66 percent

- The environment: 53 percent Among Democrats: 66 percent Among Republicans: 28 percent Among Independents: 44 percent
- Transportation and infrastructure: 48 percent

Among Democrats: 52 percent
Among Republicans: 37 percent
Among Independents: 48 percent

- The Israel-Hamas war: 38 percent Among Democrats: 38 percent Among Republicans: 35 percent
Among Independents: 40 percent
Finally, voters were asked to think about the outcome of the general election in November from a national perspective.
- 13 percent say that they don't care "either way" if the Democratic Party or Republican Party wins control of the U.S. Senate.
Among Democrats: 9 percent don't care either way
Among Republicans: 9 percent don't care either way
Among Independents: 29 percent don't care either way
- 46 percent say that the Democratic Party winning control of the U.S. Senate is a "major" issue in determining their vote, and 7 percent say it's a "minor" issue.
Among Democrats: 74 percent say it's a major issue

Among Republicans: 4 percent say it's a major issue Among Independents: 20 percent say it's a major issue

- 23 percent say that the Republican Party winning control of the U.S. Senate is a "major" issue in determining their vote, and 5 percent say it's a "minor" issue.
Among Democrats: 4 percent say it's a major issue
Among Republicans: 66 percent say it's a major issue Among Independents: 26 percent say it's a major issue


## Democratic Primary Race

Forty-two percent of Democratic likely voters-i.e., those who say that they are "very likely" or "absolutely certain" to vote in the upcoming primary election in May-say they will vote for U.S. Rep. David Trone and 33 percent say they will vote for Prince George's County Executive Angela Alsobrooks. Nearly a quarter of Democratic likely voters remain undecided on who they will vote for in the primary.

## Gov. Wes Moore

Fifty-four percent of Maryland voters approve of Wes Moore's job as governor, 28 percent disapprove, and 16 percent don't have an opinion. In a Goucher College Poll conducted in partnership with The Baltimore Banner last May, Moore's job approval rating was 53 percent.

Among Democrats: 71 percent approve, 13 percent disapprove
Among Republicans: 25 percent approve, 59 percent disapprove
Among Independents: 46 percent approve, 32 percent disapprove

## Direction of the State and Perceptions of Economic Conditions

Forty-three percent of Maryland voters say the state is heading in the right direction, and 40 percent say Maryland is off on the wrong track.

Among Democrats: 57 percent right direction, 26 percent wrong track Among Republicans: 16 percent right direction, 70 percent wrong track Among Independents: 41 percent right direction, 43 percent wrong track

Voters are equally divided in their perceptions of the Maryland economy: 45 percent have a mostly positive view of the current economic situation in Maryland; 45 percent have a mostly negative view.

Among Democrats: 59 percent mostly positive, 30 percent mostly negative Among Republicans: 19 percent mostly positive, 74 percent mostly negative Among Independents: 37 percent mostly positive, 52 percent mostly negative
"Gov. Wes Moore continues to be on solid footing among Maryland voters and earns particularly strong marks among Democrats," said Dr. Mileah Kromer, director of the Sarah T. Hughes Center for Politics at Goucher College. "While voters are divided overall, most Democrats also hold positive views regarding the direction of the state and its economic conditions."

## About the Goucher College Poll

The Goucher College Poll is conducted under the auspices of the Sarah T. Hughes Center for Politics at Goucher College. The center is directed by Dr. Mileah Kromer, associate professor of political science.

The Sarah T. Hughes Center for Politics endowment and partnerships with trusted media organizations fund the Goucher College Poll. The Hughes Center seeks to improve public discourse in Maryland by providing neutral, unbiased, and independent information on resident perceptions and opinions. The data collected by the poll are used to support faculty and student research.

The Sarah T. Hughes Center for Politics is a member of the Association of Academic Survey Research Organizations and the American Association for Public Opinion Research Transparency Initiative.

For more information or to view archived polls, please visit www.goucher.edu/poll.


## Survey Methodology

The poll is conducted using listed voter sample of landline and cellular telephone numbers. Braun Research collected the data and Aristotle supplied the sample of telephone numbers. The survey was conducted March 19 to March 24, 2024. During this time, interviews were conducted from 1 to 8 p.m. Interviewers attempted to reach respondents with working phone numbers a maximum of five times. Only Maryland statewide registered voters aged 18 years or older were eligible to participate. Interviews were not conducted with adults reached at business or work numbers.

Eighty-four percent of the interviews were completed on a cell phone and 16 percent were conducted on a landline. Thirty-nine percent of the cell phone interviews were conducted via text-to-web. Interviews for this survey were completed with 800 adults identified as registered voters. For a sample size of 800 , there is a 95 percent probability the survey results have a $+/-3.5$ percentage point sampling error from the actual population distribution for any given survey question. Margins of error are higher for subsamples. For the oversample of 408 Maryland Democratic voters identified as likely voters, there is a 95 percent probability the survey results have a $+/-4.9$ percentage point sampling error from the actual population distribution for any given survey question.

In addition to sampling error, all surveys are subject to sources of non-sampling error, including question wording effects, question order effects, and non-response bias. Margin of error is not adjusted for design effects. Data is weighted by gender, age, race, region, and educational attainment to represent adult population targets established by the most recent five-year average American Community Survey (ACS) estimates and the U.S. Census. Democratic likely-voter oversample data is weighted by gender, age, race, region, and educational attainment to represent Democratic voter population targets established by the most recent five-year average American Community Survey (ACS) estimates and U.S. Census and Aristotle voter estimates.

## Survey Question Design

The Goucher College Poll provides the questions as worded and the order in which they are administered to respondents.
BRACKETED ITEMS [ ]: Items and statements in brackets are rotated to ensure respondents do not receive a set order of response options. This maintains question construction integrity by avoiding respondent agreement based on question composition.

## Example: [agree or disagree] or [disagree or agree]

PROBE: Some questions contain a "probe" maneuver to determine a respondent's intensity of opinion/perspective. Probe techniques are used in this questionnaire to ask respondents if their responses are more intense than initially provided.

Example: Do you have a [favorable or unfavorable] opinion of President Joe Biden?
PROBE: Would you say very favorable/unfavorable?
OPEN-ENDED: No response options are provided for an open-ended question, i.e., it is entirely up to the respondent to provide the response information. Any response options provided to the interviewer are not read to the respondent; they are only used to help reduce interviewer error and time in coding the response.

VOLUNTEER (v): Volunteer responses mean the interviewer did not offer that response option in the question as read to the interviewer. Interviewers are instructed not to offer "don't know" or "refused" or "some other opinion" to the respondent, but the respondent is free to volunteer that information for the interviewer to record.

## Sample demographics

| The sample is weighted by the following demographic characteristics: |  | Maryland registered voters $\mathrm{n}=800, \mathrm{MOE}=+/-3.5$ | Democratic likely voters $\mathrm{n}=408, \mathrm{MOE}=+/-4.9$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gender | Male | 48 | 41 |
|  | Female | 52 | 59 |
| Age | 18-24 | 9 | 11 |
|  | 25-34 | 17 | 18 |
|  | 35-44 | 17 | 16 |
|  | 45-54 | 17 | 15 |
|  | 55-64 | 17 | 17 |
|  | 65+ | 22 | 23 |
| Race | White | 61 | 49 |
|  | Black | 33 | 45 |
|  | All other | 7 | 6 |
| Education | High school graduate/GED or less | 32 | 27 |
|  | Some college or associate degree | 25 | 25 |
|  | Four-year college degree/some post-grad work | 23 | 25 |
|  | Advanced/post-grad degree | 20 | 24 |
| County/Region | Montgomery County | 16 | 20 |
|  | Prince George's County | 16 | 21 |
|  | Baltimore County | 14 | 14 |
|  | Anne Arundel County | 10 | 7 |
|  | Baltimore City | 11 | 13 |
|  | Central Region* | 12 | 9 |
|  | Western Region* | 6 | 4 |
|  | Eastern Shore Region* | 8 | 5 |
|  | Southern Region* | 7 | 6 |

*Counties included in region:

- Central: Carroll, Harford, and Howard
- Western: Allegany, Garrett, Frederick, and Washington
- Eastern Shore: Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester
- Southern: Calvert, Charles, and St. Mary's

Other sample demographics

| The sample is not weighted by the following demographic characteristics: |  | Maryland registered voters $\mathrm{n}=800, \mathrm{MOE}=+/-3.5$ | Democratic likely voters $\mathrm{n}=408$, $\mathrm{MOE}=+/-4.9$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Party Registration | Democrat | 55 | 100 |
|  | Republican | 24 | -- |
|  | Unaffiliated/independent | 18 | -- |
|  | Other | 2 | -- |
| Ideology | Conservative | 23 | 9 |
|  | Moderate | 54 | 54 |
|  | Progressive | 23 | 37 |
| Income | Under \$40,000 | 16 | 13 |
|  | \$40,00 to under \$75,000 | 24 | 26 |
|  | \$75,000 to under \$ 125,000 | 25 | 27 |
|  | \$125,000 or more | 35 | 35 |

Topline Results: Questions appear in the order in which they were administered to the respondent. The results are in column percentages and may not add up to exactly 100 due to weighting and rounding. The survey was conducted from March 19 to 24, 2024. The sample of 800 Maryland registered voters has a $+/-3.5 \%$ margin of sampling error. The Democratic likely voter sample of 408 has a $+/-4.9$ margin of sampling error.

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Maryland } \\ \text { registered } \\ \text { voters } \end{array} \\ \mathrm{n}=800, \text { MOE=+/-3.5 } \end{gathered}$ | Democratic <br> likely <br> voters$\mathrm{n}=408$, MOE=+/-4.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q: TRACK | Do you think things in Maryland are [heading in the right direction or are off on the wrong track]? | Percent | Percent |
|  | Wrong track | 40 | 23 |
|  | Right direction | 43 | 61 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 15 | 16 |
|  | Refused (v) | 1 | 1 |
| Q: MOOREGOV | Do you [disapprove or approve] of the way Wes Moore is handling his job as governor? PROBE | Percent | Percent |
|  | Strongly Disapprove | 14 | 4 |
|  | Disapprove | 14 | 8 |
|  | Approve | 35 | 43 |
|  | Strongly Approve | 19 | 31 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 16 | 12 |
|  | Refused (v) | 1 | 1 |
| Q: MDECON | Do you have a [mostly negative or mostly positive] view of the current economic situation in Maryland? | Percent | Percent |
|  | Mostly negative | 45 | 29 |
|  | Mostly positive | 45 | 63 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 9 | 8 |
|  | Refused (v) | 1 | 0 |
| Q: FAV_INT | As you may know, Maryland will hold statewide primary and general elections for the United States Senate this year. I'm going to read you the names of some of the candidates running, and l'd like you to tell me whether you have a(n) [favorable or unfavorable] opinion of them...PROBE |  |  |

Q: ALSOBROOKS to Q: HOGAN appeared in a randomized order.

| Q: ALSOBROOKS | Prince George's County Executive Angela Alsobrooks PROBE | Percent | Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very unfavorable | 9 | 4 |
|  | Unfavorable | 11 | 9 |
|  | Favorable | 24 | 29 |
|  | Very favorable | 14 | 23 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 40 | 33 |
|  | Refused (v) | 2 | 2 |
| Q: TRONE | U.S. Representative David Trone PROBE | Percent | Percent |
|  | Very unfavorable | 8 | 4 |
|  | Unfavorable | 16 | 16 |
|  | Favorable | 28 | 32 |
|  | Very favorable | 15 | 23 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 29 | 23 |
|  | Refused (v) | 3 | 3 |
| Q: HOGAN | Former Governor Larry Hogan PROBE | Percent | Percent |
|  | Very unfavorable | 13 | 16 |
|  | Unfavorable | 17 | 19 |
|  | Favorable | 36 | 35 |
|  | Very favorable | 27 | 22 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 5 | 5 |
|  | Refused (v) | 2 | 4 |

Q: HOGAN_ALSO to Q: HOGAN_TRONE appeared in a randomized order.

| Q: HOGAN_ALSO | Who would you vote for if the election for U.S. Senate was between: [the Republican Larry Hogan and the Democrat Angela Alsobrooks]? | Percent | Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Angela Alsobrooks | 40 | 62 |
|  | Larry Hogan | 44 | 24 |
|  | Neither/some other candidate (v) | 5 | 3 |
|  | Don't know/undecided/unsure (v) | 11 | 11 |
|  | Refused (v) | 0 | 1 |
| Q: HOGAN_TRONE | Who would you vote for if the election for U.S. Senate was between: [the Republican Larry Hogan and the Democrat David Trone]? | Percent | Percent |
|  | David Trone | 42 | 64 |
|  | Larry Hogan | 43 | 24 |
|  | Neither/some other candidate (v) | 5 | 2 |
|  | Don't know/undecided/unsure (v) | 10 | 9 |
|  | Refused (v) | 1 | 1 |
| Q: ISSUES | Okay, still thinking about the U.S. Senate race, I'm going to read you a list of broad issues, and for each one, please tell me whether a candidate's position on it will be [a major factor, a minor factor, or not a factor at all] in determining your vote: |  |  |
| Q: ABORTION to Q: TRANSPORT appeared in a randomized order. |  |  |  |
| Q: ABORTION | Abortion | Percent | Percent |
|  | Not a factor | 14 | 8 |
|  | Minor factor | 21 | 17 |
|  | Major factor | 60 | 73 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 2 | 1 |
|  | Refused (v) | 2 | 2 |


| Q: ECONOMIC | Economic development and jobs | Percent | Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Not a factor | 3 | 3 |
|  | Minor factor | 19 | 19 |
|  | Major factor | 76 | 77 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 1 | 1 |
|  | Refused (v) | 1 | 0 |
| Q: TAXES | Taxes and government spending | Percent | Percent |
|  | Not a factor | 5 | 7 |
|  | Minor factor | 19 | 26 |
|  | Major factor | 75 | 66 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 1 | 2 |
|  | Refused (v) | 0 | 0 |
| Q: IMMIGRATION | Immigration | Percent | Percent |
|  | Not a factor | 8 | 10 |
|  | Minor factor | 33 | 44 |
|  | Major factor | 58 | 45 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 1 | 1 |
|  | Refused (v) | 0 | 0 |
| Q: HEALTHCARE | Health care | Percent | Percent |
|  | Not a factor | 5 | 3 |
|  | Minor factor | 22 | 18 |
|  | Major factor | 72 | 79 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 2 | 0 |
|  | Refused (v) | 0 | 0 |


| Q: CRIME | Crime and public safety | Percent |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Not a factor | 3 |  |
|  | Minor factor | 19 | 3 |
|  | Major factor | 78 | 22 |
|  | Don't know (v) | Pefused (v) | 0 |


| Q: TRANSPORT | Transportation and infrastructure | Percent | Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Not a factor | 7 | 5 |
|  | Minor factor | 42 | 40 |
|  | Major factor | 48 | 53 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 2 | 1 |
|  | Refused (v) | 1 | 1 |
| Q: CONTROL | Thinking about the outcome of the general election in November from a national perspective, would you want to see [the Republican Party or the Democratic Party] win control of the U.S. Senate, or do you not care either way? If they say "Republican Party" or "Democratic Party," follow up: Is control of the U.S. Senate a [major or minor factor] in determining your vote choice in the U.S. Senate race in Maryland? | Percent | Percent |
|  | Democratic Party (minor factor) | 7 | 10 |
|  | Democratic Party (major factor) | 46 | 74 |
|  | Republican Party (minor factor) | 5 | 1 |
|  | Republican Party (major factor) | 23 | 4 |
|  | Do not care either way | 13 | 8 |
|  | Some other opinion (v) | 2 | 1 |
|  | Don't know (v) | 3 | 2 |
|  | Refused (v) | 1 | 1 |
| Q: DEM_PRIMARY was only administered to the Democratic voters who indicated that they were "very likely" or "absolutely certain" to vote in the upcoming Democratic primary election. ( $n=408$, MOE $=+/-4.9 \%$ ) |  |  |  |
| Q: DEM_PRIMARY | Okay, if the Democratic primary election for U.S. Senate was held today, would you vote for [David Trone, Angela Alsobrooks] or some other candidate? | Percent | Percent |
|  | David Trone | -- | 42 |
|  | Angela Alsobrooks | -- | 33 |
|  | Some other candidate | -- | >1 |
|  | Don't know/undecided (v) | -- | 24 |
|  | Refused (v) | -- | 0 |

